गठित विशेष दल और बाद में योजना आयोग द्वारा गठित विशेषज्ञ दल ने देश में गरीबी की रेखा से नीचे जीवन यापन करने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या के अनुमान के लिए एक वैकल्पिक प्रणाली की सिफारिश की है। दोनों प्रणालियां उपभोक्ता व्यय पर पंचवर्षीय राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण आंकड़ों और निर्धनता का अनुमान लगाने के लिए गरीबी रेखा की एक ही परिभाषा का प्रयोग करती है। ऐसा एक अंतिम सर्वेक्षण 1993-94 (राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण का 50वां दौर) में किया गया था और इस प्रकार आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजन के अंत में (1996-97) निर्धनता के अनुमान उपलब्ध नहीं हैं।

(ग) गरीबी की रेखा से नीचे जीवन यापन करने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या का आकलन प्रति व्यक्ति मासिक व्यय के रूप में परिभाषित गरीबी रेखा से किया जाता है जो गैर खाद्य वस्तुओं के लिए आवश्यक व्यय के साथ-साथ ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 2400 कैलौरी प्रति व्यक्ति प्रति दिन और शहरी क्षेत्र में 2100 कैलोरी प्रति व्यक्ति प्रति दिन की आवश्यकता के अनुरूप है।

Checking Misuse of JRY Funds at Panchayat Level

2955. SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether any permanent machinery has been instituted to check misuse of JRY funds at the Panchayat level;

(b) if so, when was this machinery instituted;

(c) the work done so far; and

(d) what steps Government propose to take to strictly ensure proper utilisation of JRY funds in 1996-97?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) to (d) In accordance with para 79(i) of the existing JRY Manual, the Village Panchayat can appoint a Vigilance Committee for each village under its jurisdiction to oversee, supervise and monitor the implementation of the works under the programme. In addition, the Government of India have issued instructions on 16.10.95 to all the State Governemnt/UTs to constitute Review and monitoring Committees at the State/District and block levels. These Committees would supervise, exercise, vigilance and monitor the implementation of all the rural development programme in addition at the time of release of second instalment, audit report of the previous year is also thoroughly examined to see that there is no misutilisation or any other irregularities comittee while implementing the programme.

More funds to states of Poverty Alleviation

2956. SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK: Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Governments have demanded enhancement of funds allocations for implementing poverty alleviation programmes;

(b) if so, the allocation made for different Staes for poverty alleviation programmes during the last three years, Statewise; and

(c) the details of steps taken to enhance the allocations in 1996-97?

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI YOGINDER ALAGH): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Statwise allocation for major rural poverty alleviation programmes namely, Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP), Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY), and Intensified Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (IJRY) during the last three years and the current year 1996-97 is given at statement I and II (*see* below). As the EAS is a demand driven scheme, no Statewise allocations are made for this programme. However, the State can demand funds in consonance with the demand for manual work during the lean agricultural season in the rural areas. The Statewise release under EAS during the last three years and the current year 1996-97 is given at statement-III (*see* below).

(c) The allocations for these poverty alleviation programmes in 1996-97 have been maintained more or less at the 1995- 96 level. However, in 1996-97 an amount of Rs. 2466 crore has been provided as an Additional Central Assistance to all states and Union Territories for the achievement of seven Basic Minimm Services in a time bound manner.

Statement-I

Statewise allocation of funds (Centre State) under Integrated Rural Development programme during 1993-94, 1994-95, 1995-96 and 1996-97

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S.No.	States/UTs	IRDP			
		1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
1.	Andhra Pradesh	8416.00	8344.00	8336.41	8336.41
2.	Arunchal Pradesh	686.00	623.00	623.43	623.43
3.	Assam	2770.00	2747.00	2743.50	2743.50
4.	Bihar	15974.00	16232.00	16218.24	16218.24
5.	Goa	142.00	142.00	141.87	141.87
6.	Gujarat	3090.00	3063.00	3059.22	3059.22
7.	Haryana	742.00	736.00	735.33	735.33
8.	Himachal Pradesh	242.00	240.00	239.78	239.78
9.	J & K	462.00	1000.00	999.09	999.09
10.	Karnataka	5650.00	5603.00	5594.91	5594.91
11.	Kerala	2056.00	2038.00	2036.15	2036.15
12.	Madhya Pradesh	10664.00	10573.00	10565.39	10565.39
13.	Maharashtra	9174.00	9096.00	9087.73	9087.73
14.	Manipur	200.00	450.00	449.59	449.59
15.	Meghalaya	192.00	478.00	477.57	477.57
16.	Mizoram	288.00	201.00	201.82	201.82
17.	Nagaland	300.00	337.00	335.69	335.69
18.	Orissa	6826.00	6769.00	6763.85	6763.85
19.	Punjab	528.00	523.00	521.53	521.53
20.	Rajasthan	4430.00	4393.00	4388.01	4388.01
21.	Sikkim	56.00	56.00	55.95	55.95
22.	Tamil Nadu	7608.00	7543.00	7537.14	7537.14
23.	Tripura	618.00	643.00	641.42	641.42
24.	Uttar Pradesh	20508.00	20335.00	20316.50	20316.50
25.	West Bengal	7542.00	7478.00	7472.20	7472.20
26.	A&N Islands	71.00	71.00	70.94	70.94
27.	D & N Haveli	15.00	15.00	14.99	14.99
28.	Daman & Diu	28.00	28.00	27.97	27.97
29.	Lakshadweep	7.00	7.00	6.99	6.99
30.	Pondicherry	58.00	58.00	57.95	57.95
	All India	109343.00	109822.00	109721.16	109721.16

Statement-II

Statewise allocation of funds (Centre State) under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana and Intensified Jawahar Rozgar Yojana during 1993-94, 1994-95, 1995-96 and 1996-97

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S.No.	States/UTs	JRY (1st Stream)				JRY (IInd Stream)		
		1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96
1.	Andhra Pradesh	24620.09	27099.96	34118.65	17372.39	6243.75	6243.75	3313.75
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	322.51	322.51	329.58	178.30			
3.	Assam	8104.85	8921.21	10820.18	5718.18			

S.No.	States/UTs	JRY (1st Stream)				JRY (IInd Stream)		
		1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96
4.	Bihar	48291.40	53155.56	66783.18	34075.58	17231.25	17231.25	11815.00
5.	Goa	348.46	348.46	356.09	192.65			
6.	Gujarat	9037.55	9947.86	12815.36	6376.25	3887.50	3887.50	1938.75
7.	Haryana	2170.94	2389.61	3398.28	1531.81			
8.	Himachal Pradesh	1107.26	1107.26	1149.09	612.16			
9.	J& K	1571.74	2250.00	2954.75	1243.93	853.75	853.75	426.25
10.	Karnataka	16531.33	18196.44	22069.91	11665.34	4715.00	4715.00	2352.50
11.	Kerala	6238.34	6620.11	8029.34	4244.16			
12.	Madhya Pradesh	31197.24	34339.59	43524.46	22014.51	15243.75	15243.75	7597.00
13.	Maharashtra	26839.28	29542.68	36581.29	18937.55	10217.50	10217.50	5077.50
14.	Manipur	413.36	413.36	425.45	228.53			
15.	Meghalaya	483.68	483.68	496.31	267.40			
16.	Mizoram	203.75	203.75	208.04	112.65			
17.	Nagaland	518.46	518.46	526.28	286.64			
18.	Orissa	19972.66	21984.43	26664.19	14093.11	7143.75	7143.75	3978.75
19.	Punjab	1634.30	1699.28	1969.93	1089.39			
20.	Rajasthan	12961.33	14266.86	18553.85	9146.40	4568.75	4568.75	2271.25
21.	Sikkim	188.76	188.76	341.93	104.36			
22.	Tamil Nadu	22256.18	24497.94	30275.31	15704.96	3255.00	3255.00	2358.75
23.	Tripura	536.90	536.90	558.65	296.83			
24.	Uttar Pradesh	59998.40	66041.76	81948.55	42334.91	8335.00	8335.00	5240.00
25.	West Bengal	22063.20	24285.53	29455.21	15569.34	6125.00	6125.00	3832.50
26.	A&N Islands	152.70	152.70	154.18	84.41			
27.	D&N Haveli	82.89	82.89	83.92	45.81			
28.	Daman & Diu	48.83	48.83	49.28	26.99			
29.	Lakshadweep	76.55	76.55	76.70	42.32			
30.	Pondicherry	149.47	149.47	151.86	82.64			
	All India	318122.39	349872.40	434869.77	223679.49	87820.00	87820.00	50000.00

Statement-III

Statewise release of funds (Centre State) under Employment Assurance Scheme during 1993-94, 1994-95, 1995-96 and 1996-97

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S.No.	States/UTs	EAS			
		1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97*
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4500.00	12987.50	18187.50	6837.50
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	300.00	1200.00	2323.75	1137.50
3.	Assam	2587.50	5790.00	10025.00	0.00
4.	Bihar	5887.50	12987.50	20287.50	5387.50
5.	Goa	—	—	—	—
6.	Gujarat	606.25	4475.00	8712.50	2687.50
7.	Haryana	1650.00	3600.00	4150.00	575.00
8.	Himachal Pradesh	43.75	625.00	562.50	500.00
9	J & K	1043.75	3687.50	8425.00	1700.00
10.	Karnataka	3525.00	8187.50	13712.50	5612.50
11.	Kerala	725.00	1700.00	2312.50	875.00
12	Madhya Pradesh	7118.75	18170.00	28675.00	11400.00
13.	Maharashtra	3306.25	9027.50	14325.00	2562.50
14.	Manipur	825.00	1237.50	1125.00	562.50
15.	Meghalaya	200.00	800.00	312.50	437.50
16.	Mizoram	750.00	2000.00	1500.00	1000.00

S.No.	States/UTs	EAS			
		1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97*
17.	Nagaland	1050.00	1400.00	2600.00	1187.50
18.	Orissa	5335.00	9855.00	14325.00	8462.50
19.	Punjab	—	—	—	—
20.	Rajasthan	4575.00	12375.00	17537.50	6687.50
21.	Sikkim	145.00	200.00	412.50	275.00
22.	Tamil Nadu	1318.75	4927.50	10512.50	6637.50
23.	Tripura	762.50	2272.50	1950.00	900.00
24.	Uttar Pradesh	3507.81	13737.50	19450.00	5587.50
25.	West Bengal	5068.75	9622.50	11550.00	6725.00
26.	A&N Islands	10.00	40.00	40.00	0.00
27.	D&N Haveli	5.00	20.00	30.00	0.00
28.	Daman & Diu	5.00	0.00	20.00	0.00
29.	Lakshadweep	25.00	100.00	100.00	0.00
30.	Pondicherry	—	—	—	—
	All India	54876.56	141025.00	213163.75	77737.50

*Upto September, 1996.

Development Scheme for Drought Prone Areas of Madhya Pradesh

2957. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS & EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the districts/blocks is Madhya Pradesh identified as drought-prone;

(b) the scheme launched by Government to minimise the adverse effects of drought on production of crops and livestock and productivity of land, water and human resources, through integrated development of the natural resource base of the area; and

(c) the amount allocated for implementation of such schemes for Madhya Pradesh during 1995-96, the amount released, the percentage of utilisation and the improvements achieved in the drought prone areas, after implementation of the scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) 134 blocks in 25 districts of Madhya Pradesh have been identified as drought prone and included under the Drought Prone Areas Programme (DPAP). The names of the blocks/districts are given in the enclosed Statement (*See* below).

(b) and (c) Drought Prone Areas Programme was started in Madhya Pradesh in 1973-74 to minimise the adverse effects of drought on production of crops and livestock and productivity of land, water and human resources through integrated development of the natural resource base of the area.

The allocation for the programme in the State, which is shared on 50:50 basis between the Centre and the State, central releases and the expenditure during 1995-96 was as under:—

(Rs. in lakhs)

Allocation	Central release	Expenditure	Wage of Expenditure to allocation
03510.00	1938.704	1489.48	42.44

Prior to 1994-95, the programme was being implemented under the old Guidelines. New Guidelines for Watershed Development under this programme were made effective from 1995-96. Under the old Guidelines, an areas of 120809 hectares, 206543 hectares and 124443 hectares was treated under the three core sector activities; namely, Land Resources Development, Water Resources Development and Afforestation & Pasture Development respectively in the State since inception of the programme in 1973-74 to 1994-95. From 1995-96 under the new Guidelines, area development under this programme is being taken up on watershed basis. 823 watershed projects of about 500 hectares each have been targetted for development from 1995-96 to 1998-99. Physical achievement under these watershed projects will be known after 1998-99.